# Regatta

## Senior League

### First Round

- 1a. Numbers  $\sin(17^\circ)$  and  $\sin(73^\circ)$  are roots of the quadratic trinomial  $ax^2 + bx + c$ . Prove that  $a^2 + 2ac = b^2$ .
- **1g.** AD is a diameter of the circumcircle of the quadrilateral ABCD. Point E is symmetric to the point A with respect to the midpoint of BC. Prove that  $DE \perp BC$ .
- 1c. Sasha marked some cells of a table  $8 \times 13$  so that there was and odd number of marked cells in every square  $2 \times 2$ . After that, he marked some more cells so that there was an even number of marked cells in every square  $2 \times 2$ . What is the minimum possible total number of marked cells?

### Second Round

**2a.** Prove that for every positive integer n the value of the expression

$$\left[\frac{n}{1}\right] + \left[\frac{n}{2}\right] + \ldots + \left[\frac{n}{n}\right] + \left[\sqrt{n}\right]$$

is even.

- **2g.** Incenter I of the acute triangle ABC lies on the bisector of an acute angle between the altitudes  $AA_1$  and  $CC_1$ . Bisector of the angle B intersects the opposite side of the triangle at the point L. Prove that points  $A_1$ , I, L, C lie on one circle.
- **2c.** Numbers from 1 to 50 are written on 50 cards, each number appears once. Kostya and Vitalik take turns at picking a card, until all cards are picked. Kostya moves first and wants a total sum of numbers on his cards to be divisible by 25. Vitalik wants to thwart him. Will Kostya be able to achieve his goal?

### Third Round

- **3a.** Find the largest positive integer n such that for every its prime divisor p number n is divisible by p 1, but not by  $p^2$ .
- **3g.** Given point P inside the triangle ABC such that points symmetrical to P with respect to the midpoint of BC and to the bisector of angle A lie on one line with the point A. Prove that projections of the point P on the sides AB and AC are equidistant from the midpoint of BC.

**3c.** A country has 100 cities. It is required to connect some pairs of cities with flights so that every city will be reachable from every other with a sequence of flights, and for every four cities A, B, C, D for which there are flights AB, BC, CD, there will also be AD. How many ways there are to connect the cities?

#### Fourth Round

4a. Prove that

/	1962	1963	1965	2017	1963
V	$\overline{2018} <$	$\overline{1964}$ .	$\overline{1966}$ $\cdots$	$\overline{2018} < $	$\overline{2019}$ .

- 4g. Point L on the bisector of the angle A of the triangle ABC is such that  $\angle LBC = \angle LCA = \angle LAB$ . Prove that the lengths of the sides of the triangle form a geometric progression.
- 4c. Either "+" or "-" is written in each cell of a table  $2017 \times 2017$ . In one move it is allowed to alter every sign in a chosen cross (cross is a union of a column and a row). Is it possible to obtain the table with "+" in its every cell for any initial placement of signs (after an arbitrary number of moves)?